

## The Norwegian National Forest Inventory

**2008 Country Report** 

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#### **Outline**

- 1. Who we are
- 2. Where we are in the inventory cycle
- 3. Expansion of the NFI grid due to carbon reporting
- 4. Complementary Hotspot Inventory
- Use of NFI plots in LiDAR projects New potential and challanges



The NFI is one of 13 sections at the Norwegian Forest and Landscape Institute

The Norwegian Forest and Landscape Institute has approximately 220 employees



#### NFI Staff:

- Rasmus Astrup
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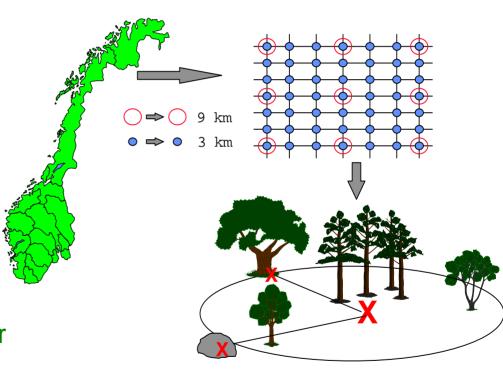


#### 9<sup>th</sup> National Forest Inventory Cycle

>The Norwegian Inventory is based on a 3×3 km grid with permanent inventory plots

> 5-year measurement cycle

> In the fourth year of the 5-year inventory cycle

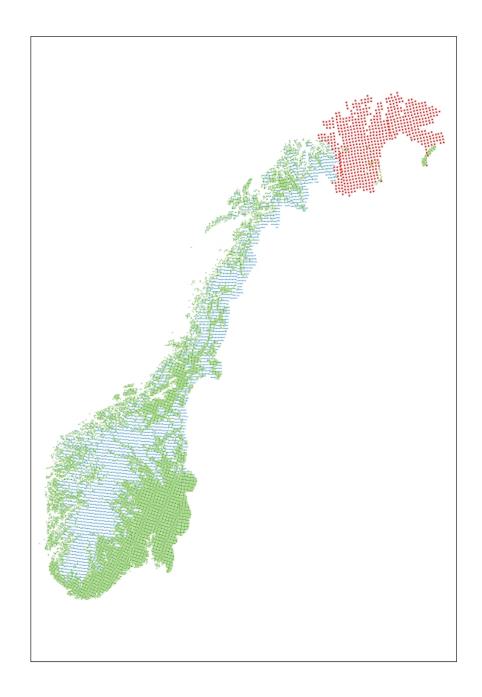


#### NFI Land Catagories

Forest areas with potential for conifer-dominated stands (Green)

> Alpine birch forests and non-forested alpine (Blue)

> High latitude birch forests (Finnmark) (Red)



## Alpine birch forests and non-forested alpine

- > Prior to 2004: not measured
- > 2004 2008: Plots that fall inside mapped forest are visited and measured
- > 2009 : All plots will be checked on orthophotoes. If there are trees the plot will be measured
- > Two main drivers:
  - > International Carbon reporting
  - Substantial interest around changes in alpine vegetation and tree lines





#### High latitude birch forests (Finnmark)

> Plots have not been established or measured

> 2009 - will be measured

> 9×9 km grid with permanent plots

> Motivated and funded by Carbon reporting







#### Complementary Hotspot Inventory

- Norwegain approach developed for protection of biodiversity in managed forests ( ~ year 2000)
- > Hotspots: Areas with a paticularly high number of target (red list) species compared to the surrondings
- > Implemented in Norwegian forest planning trough:
  - (1) Mapping of hotspots
  - (2) Ranking of importance
  - (3) Implementing appropriate management around hotspots
- In 2007, the NFI completed a full inventory of Hotspots on all permanant plots



<b>Hotspot Types</b>	Important Species Groups
Snags	Insects, fungi, birds, bats
Logs	Fungi, insects, bryophytes
Late successions of deciduous trees	Insects, fungi, birds
Trees with pendent lichens	Insects, spiders, mites, lichens
Old trees	Insects, spiders, mites, lichens
Hollow deciduous trees	Insects, bats
Recently burned forest	Fungi, insects, plants
Luxuriant ground vegetation	Fungi, plants, insects, snails
Trees with nutrient-rich bark	Lichens, bryophytes
Rock walls	Bryophytes, lichens
Clay ravines	Lichens, bryophytes
Stream gorges	Bryophytes, lichens

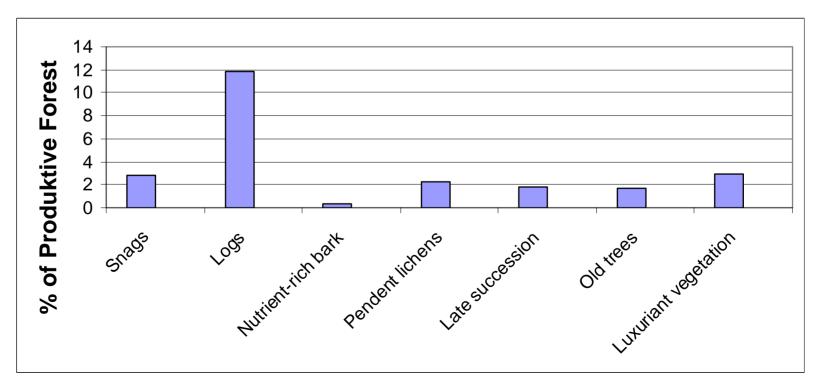


### The National Hotspot Inventory



The NFI Hotspot Inventory can now be used in the ranking of Hotspots

Re-measurements will track changes in Hotspot abundance and attribute change to natural change, change due to management, or error in the previous registration



# Use of NFI plots as calibration plots for regional LiDAR based forest inventory



- > Intrest in NFI plots:
  - > Reseach projects (The Hedmark Project)
  - > Private inventory companies
- > This is a positive development increased utilization of plots is good
- > Challanges:
  - > Accourate GPS coordinates
  - > Public acess to plot locations



#### > Thank you